Adult Social Care Levels of Need





	Level 1 - UNIVERSAL	Level 2 – EARLY HELP	Level 3 – TARGETED HELP	Level 4 – S			
	Universal Response	Support needs and / or signposting	Care and support needs requiring Assessment of needs (Section 9 Care Act 2014); or Carers Assessment (Section 10 Care Act 2014) 	Adult safeguarding concern req Reasonable cause to suspect that			
	The adult appears to have support needs met by universal services or they can access these independently. Or, the adult has no apparent need for any service or information and advice in addition to the actions and signposting already provided.	The adult seems to be in <u>need</u> of support or help due to a physical or mental impairment or illness (including drug or alcohol use) and may require universal and targeted services working together.	 The adult appears to have <u>needs for care and support</u> arising from, or related to, a physical or mental impairment or illness (including drug/alcohol use), and there is <u>no</u> abuse or neglect, or demonstrable risk of either; or the adult is a carer for an adult needing care, and that carer appears to need support, either now or in the future. Appearance of care and support needs should be linked to inability to achieve outcomes on listed on page 3. 	 i. Has <u>needs for care and su</u> or illness, AND ii. is being abused or neglect iii. is unable to protect themse Guidance from the LGA / ADASS concern should be based on criter authority to decide if (iii) has been If the three statutory criteria are m are made under s42(2) Care Act. power to make or cause enquiries Surrey Safeguarding Adults Board present risk. It must be more than The relevant age of the person is place. If they were under 18 at the			
	No referral needed	Seek to signpost the individual to appropriate local services.	<u>Refer to SCC Contact Centre</u> You can find information about making a referral to the Contact Centre on the Surrey County Council website	Refer to You can make an online referral Surrey County Council website			
Referral pathway		Only if this is not possible, refer to SCC Contact Centre	If you have made a Level 3 referral, you do not need to also make a Level 4 referral about the same matter.	Guidance on referring an adult s Surrey Safeguarding Adults Boa			
				If you have made a Level make a Level 3 referral al			
	Referrals regarding self-neglect						

Surrey Safeguarding Adults Board's Policy says: "In Surrey, the starting point will be an assumption that Conditions that make it more likely to overturn the assumption that an adult safeguarding enquiry is not the best response an adult safeguarding enquiry is not the best response to a concern about self-neglect or hoarding". If in any particular instance include, but are not limited to, the presence of these factors. Please include on referrals any the person does not appear to have care and support needs, consider a Level 1 or Level 2 response. relevant information regarding these issues: In most instances, please treat issues regarding adults with care and support needs who are at There is a concern that the person is unable to protect themselves by controlling their own behaviour risk of self-neglect as at Level 3. The person lacks mental capacity and is unable to understand the risks and control the situation • Self-neglect where there is significant risk associated with Issues regarding self-neglect where a Level 4 referral may be indicated, rather than a Level 3 referral, Wellbeing that is affected on a daily basis would be where alongside the concern about self-neglect of an adult with care and support needs o Care, treatment or some other intervention is being refused • The person refuses to engage with necessary services

- There is a concern that there have been failures by agencies or professionals to work together to assess and manage risks effectively
- The person is at risk because care that they need, or access to facilities to support them, is being prevented by another person

- - Hygiene is poor and causing other risks such as skin problems
 - Hoarding where there is significant risk associated with a risk of fire
 - Urgent health and safety risks
 - Pending enforcement action creating risk of losing home
 - A vulnerable person living where facilities have been disconnected

SAFEGUARDING CONCERN

equiring a decision whether s42(1) Care Act 2014 criteria are met

at adult

support arising from a physical or mental impairment

cted, or is at risk of being abused or neglected, AND selves due to their care and support needs.

S says the decision to refer an adult safeguarding eria (i) and (ii) being met only. It falls to the local en met.

met, then the local authority must ensure enquiries . If at least one of the criteria is not met, it has no es under s42(2) Care Act.

rd policy says that risk here means some clear and in simply a theoretical risk.

s their age at the time the abuse or neglect took ne time, it is not an adult safeguarding concern.

o Surrey MASH for Adults

al and find contact details for the MASH on the е

safeguarding concern is available on the oard website

el 4 referral, you do not need to also about the same matter.

	Level 1 - UNIVERSAL	Level 2 – EARLY HELP / SIGNPOSTING	Level 3 – TARGETED HELP	L
Indicators of need		An adult who has a mild to moderate mental illness (see page 3) and they need support/signposting to access appropriate universal services.		Care a Reaso unable outcor conse wellbe
	An older adult who has no other indication of care and/or support needs.	An adult who has a mild to moderate mental illness and an incident has occurred which may impact on this.	 a sensory impairment someone with mental health needs, including dementia or a personality disorder a person with a long-term health condition 	<u>Is exp</u> of abu "Risk" risk.
		Alcohol or drug use and they need support/ signposting to access appropriate services.		theore
	Alcohol or drug use is having a minor impact on their life and they have been given advice which they have the mental capacity to decide whether to act upon.	An adult who would benefit from support / signposting to prevent	an eligible need is one that arises from or is related to a physical or mental impairment or illness and results in the adult being unable to achieve <u>two or more</u> outcomes (see page 3) which is likely to have, a significant impact on their	betwe the ina Even i
	no reason to think they cannot engage in the	homelessness or unsuitable housing, financial problems, sensory impairment, has experienced a one-off fall, lack	wellbeing (see page 3)	abuse support to prot it is a s

Level 4 – SAFEGUARDING CONCERN

and support needs:

sonable cause to suspect adult is ble to achieve <u>one or more</u> omes (see page 3), which sequently has an impact on their being.

periencing abuse/neglect or risk buse/neglect:

" means some clear and present It must be more than simply a retical risk.

ble to protect themselves:

uires there to be a causal link reen the care and support needs and nability to protect themselves.

h if actions have already been taken h reduce or manage the risk of se, if the person has care and port needs which leave them unable rotect themselves (without support), a safeguarding concern.

Care and support needs: Outcome	s	Wellbeing:		
 Managing and maintaining nutrition Maintaining personal hygiene Managing toilet needs Being appropriately clothed Being able to make use of their home safely Maintaining a habitable home environment Developing and maintaining family or other person relationships Accessing and engaging in work, training, education volunteering Making use of necessary facilities or services in the community Carrying out any caring responsibilities they had the service of the service of	ation, or the local	 'Wellbeing' is a broad concept, and it is described as relating to the following areas in particular: personal dignity (including treatment of the individual with respect) physical and mental health and emotional wellbeing protection from abuse and neglect control by the individual over day-to-day life (including over care and support provided and the way it is provided) participation in work, education, training, or recreation social and economic wellbeing domestic, family and personal suitability of living accommodation the individual's contribution to society 		 Physic Domes Sexua Psych Financ Moder Discrir Organ Negleo Self-no The Care "This is no but an illu behaviour safeguard"
Mild to moderate Mental Health issues:	Substantia	I and complex mental health needs:		Me
 Mild - a person has a small number of symptoms that have a limited effect on daily life. Moderate - a person has more symptoms that can make daily life much more difficult than usual. A person may experience different levels at different times. 	 a person has a small number of symptoms have a limited effect on daily life. Psychosis, disorder Severe deprisk/completers on may experience different levels at 		 practicable decision A person s decision m Always do capacity in 	at people as e steps have

- Dual diagnosis of mental illness and substance misuse where the mental illness is the primary need, severe and complex in nature
- Complex presentations associated with severe mental illness, which impacts a significant risk of self-harm, harm to/from others, or serious selfneglect.
- An expectant mother with a history of mental ill health or perinatal/post-natal mental health issues, even where there may be lower or more moderate risks identified

Two-stage functional test of capacity:

Stage 1: The person has an impairment of or disturbance in the functioning of mind or brain; and

Stage 2: The person is unable to do at least one of:

- Understand the relevant information
- Retain it long enough to make decision
- •
- Communicate their decision

Examples of Universal services:

- Police •
- Victim Support
- Domestic Abuse Outreach
- **General Practitioner**
- Accident and Emergency •
- Housing support •
- Homelessness services •
- Fire and Rescue •
- Ambulance Service •
- Trading Standards •

Types of abuse:

ical estic abuse al abuse / exploitation chological or emotional ncial or material ern slavery riminatory nisational lect or acts of omission neglect (not self-harm)

e and Support statutory guidance says not intended to be an exhaustive list lustrative guide as to the sort of ur which could give rise to a rding concern."

Mental Capacity:

as capacity unless proved otherwise is lacking capacity unless all ve been tried to help them make the

be treated as incapable of making a ause their decision seems unwise take decisions for people without interests

d action taken for people without capacity are the least restrictive option

Use and weigh up the relevant information to make decision